## A58H1

## PHOTOELECTRIC ROTARY ENCODER



The encoder A 58 H 1 is used to measure angular position of the key machine components, industrial robots, comparators, rotary tables, servo drives and to establish an informational link with DCC, NC or Digital Readout Units. The encoder has external flexible coupling.

The encoder is used in automatic control, on-line gauging, process monitoring systems, etc.

## MECHANICAL DATA

| Line number on disc (z) | $100 ; 250 ; 500 ;$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $600 ; 800 ; 1000 ;$ |
|  | $1024 ; 1125 ; 1250 ;$ |
|  | $1500 ; 2000 ; 2048 ;$ |
|  | $2500 ; 3000 ; 3600 ;$ |
|  | $4000 ; 5000 ; 9000 ;$ |
|  | 10800 |

Three versions of output signals are available:

- A58H1-A - sinusoidal signals, with amplitude approx. $11 \mu \mathrm{App}$;
- A58H1-AV - sinusoidal signals, with amplitude approx. 1 Vpp;
- A58H1-F - square-wave signals (TTL) with integrated subdividing electronics for interpolation $\times 1, \times 2$, $x 3, x 4, x 5, x 8, x 10$.

| Rotor moment of inertia | $<1.5 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{kgm}^{2}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Protection (housing) ( IEC 529) | IP64 |
| Protection (shaft side) ( IEC 529) | IP64 |
| Maximum weight without cable | 0.3 kg |
| Operating temperature | $-10 \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature | $-30 \ldots+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Maximum humidity (non-condensing) | $98 \%$ |
| Permissible vibration (55 to 2000 Hz) | $\leq 100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Permissible shock (11 ms) | $\leq 300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |



Protective cover remove for long shafts

$\mathbf{D , m m} \quad \varnothing 6 \quad \varnothing 8 \quad \varnothing 10 \quad \varnothing 12 \quad \varnothing 14^{*}$ (on option)
*For one side fixation from encoder flange side

PRECIZIKA
METROLOGY

## ELECTRICAL DATA

| VERSION | A58H1-A $\sim 11 \mu$ App | A58H1-AV 1 Vpp | A58H1-F П TTL; ПHTL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply voltage ( $\cup_{p}$ ) | $+5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%$ | $+5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%$ | $+5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%$; $+(10$ to 30$) \mathrm{V}$ |
| Max. supply current (without load) | 80 mA | 120 mA | 120 mA |
| Light source Incremental signals | LED <br> Two sinusoidal I , and I Amplitude at $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ load: $\begin{aligned} & -11=7-16 \mu \mathrm{~A} \\ & -12=7-16 \mu \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ | LED <br> Differential sine $+\mathrm{A} /-\mathrm{A}$ and $+\mathrm{B} /-\mathrm{B}$ Amplitude at $120 \Omega$ load: $\begin{aligned} & -\mathrm{A}=0.6-1.2 \mathrm{~V} \\ & -\mathrm{B}=0.6-1.2 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | LED <br> Differential square-wave $\cup 1 / \overline{\mathrm{U} 1}$ and $\mathrm{U} 2 / \overline{\mathrm{U} 2}$. <br> Signal levels at 20 mA load current: <br> - low (logic "O") $\leq 0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ at $U_{P}=+5 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> - low (logic " 0 ") $\leq 1.5 \mathrm{~V}$ at $U_{p}^{P}=10$ to 30 V <br> - high (logic "1") $\geq 2.4 \mathrm{~V}$ at $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{p}}=+5 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> - high $\left(\right.$ logic "1") $\geq\left(\cup_{p}-2\right) \vee$ at $U_{p}=10$ to 30 V |
| Reference signal | One quasi-triangular I peak per revolution. Signal magnitude at $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ load: $-I_{0}=2-8 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ (usable component) | One quasi-triangular +R and its complementary -R per revolution. Signals magnitude at $120 \Omega$ load - $\mathrm{R}=0.2-0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ (usable component) | One differential square-wave UO/U0 per revoIution. Signal levels at 20 mA load current: <br> - low (logic " 0 ") $<0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ at $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{p}}=+5 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> - low (logic " 0 ") $<1.5 \mathrm{~V}$ at $U_{p}^{P}=10$ to 30 V <br> - high $\left(\right.$ logic " 1 ") $>2.4 \mathrm{~V}$ at $U_{P}=+5 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> - high (logic "1") $>\left(\cup_{P}-2\right) \vee$ at $U_{P}=10$ to 30 V |
| Maximum operating frequency | $(-3 \mathrm{~dB}) \geq 160 \mathrm{kHz}$ | $(-3 \mathrm{~dB}) \geq 180 \mathrm{kHz}$ | $(160 \times \mathrm{k}) \mathrm{kHz}$, k-interpolation factor |
| Direction of signals | I lags I for clockwise rotation (viewed from shaft side) | +B lags +A for clockwise rotation (viewed from shaft side) | U2 lags U1 with clockwise rotation (viewed from shaft side) |
| Maximum rise and fall time | - | - | $<0.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Standard cable length | 1 m , without connector | 1 m , without connector | 1 m , without connector |
| Maximum cable length | 5 m | 25 m | 25 m |
| Output signals |  |  |  |

Note:

1. Maximum working rotation speed (with proper encoder counting) is limited by maximum operating frequency and maximum mechanica rotation speed.
2. If cable extension is used, power supply conductor cross-section should not be smaller than $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$.

## MOUNTING REQUIREMENTS

## ACCESSORIES

| CONNECTORS FOR CABLE | B12 <br> 12-pin round connector | C9 <br> 9-pin round connector | C12 <br> 12-pin round connector | D9 <br> 9-pin flat connector | D15 15-pin flat connector | RS10 10-pin round connector | ONC 10-pin round connector |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DIGITAL READOUT DEVICES | CS3000 |  |  | CS5000 |  |  |  |
| EXTERNAL INTERPOLATOR | NK |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## ORDER FORM

| A58H1 - XX | $X X X X-X X-X X X-X X X$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OUTPUT SIGNAL VERSION: | PULSE NUMBER PER REVOLUTION: | SHAFT HOLE DIAMETER: | SUPPLY VOLTAGE: | CABLE LENGTH: | CONNECTOR TYPE: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { A } \\ & \text { AV } \\ & F \end{aligned}$ | 1... 100 <br> 1... 108000 | $6,8,10,12,14^{*} \mathrm{~mm}$ <br> *with additional hub for shaft mounting, for one side fixation from flange side | $\begin{aligned} & 05 \mathrm{~V}-+5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 30 \mathrm{~V}-+(10 \text { to } 30) \mathrm{V}^{\star} \end{aligned}$ <br> *only for A58H-F with HTL output | ARO1-1m ARO2 - 2 m ARO3 - 3m | W- without connector <br> B12 - round, 12 pins <br> C9-round, 9 pins <br> C12 - round, 12 pins <br> D9 - flat, 9 pins <br> D15 - flat, 15 pins <br> RS10 - round, 10 pins <br> ONC - round, 10 pins |
| ORDER EXAMPLES: |  | 1) $\mathrm{A} 58 \mathrm{H} 1-\mathrm{AV}-1024-6-05 \mathrm{~V}-\mathrm{A}$ <br> 2) $\mathrm{A} 58 \mathrm{H} 1-\mathrm{F}-4000-8-30 \mathrm{~V}-\mathrm{AR}$ <br> 3) $\mathrm{A} 58 \mathrm{H} 1-\mathrm{F}-4000 / 500-8-30$ | 01w /C12 AR06/C12 |  |  |

